



Fetal heart rate monitoring in labour

- 1. Fetal heart rate is monitored in labour to know the condition of the baby in labour.
- 2. The rate of fetal heart is checked before, during & after uterine contractions or pains.
- 3. Fetal heart rates < 120/min or > 160/min during labour is considered abnormal.
- 4. This indicates fetal distress or the baby having problem with oxygenation during labour.
- 5. FHR monitoring is done by auscultation, Doppler, CTG during labour.
- 6. For CTG transducers are fixed on your abdomen to monitor FHR & uterine contractions.
- 7. CTG or continuous electronic fetal monitoring in labour identifies additional abnormal fetal heart rate patterns in relation to uterine contractions in labour which are recorded on graph paper.
- 8. Using a particular method for FHR monitoring depends on hospital practice.
- 9. If required ultrasound & color Doppler examinations are done.
- 10. In our hospital we do not carry out FHR monitoring using scalp electrode and uterine contractions assessment by placing tube in uterus through cervix.
- 11. In case of abnormal FHR detected urgent delivery of baby may be required. This can be by Cesarean section or if in 2nd stage of labour & is favourable for vacuum delivery, by vacuum extraction delivery.

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